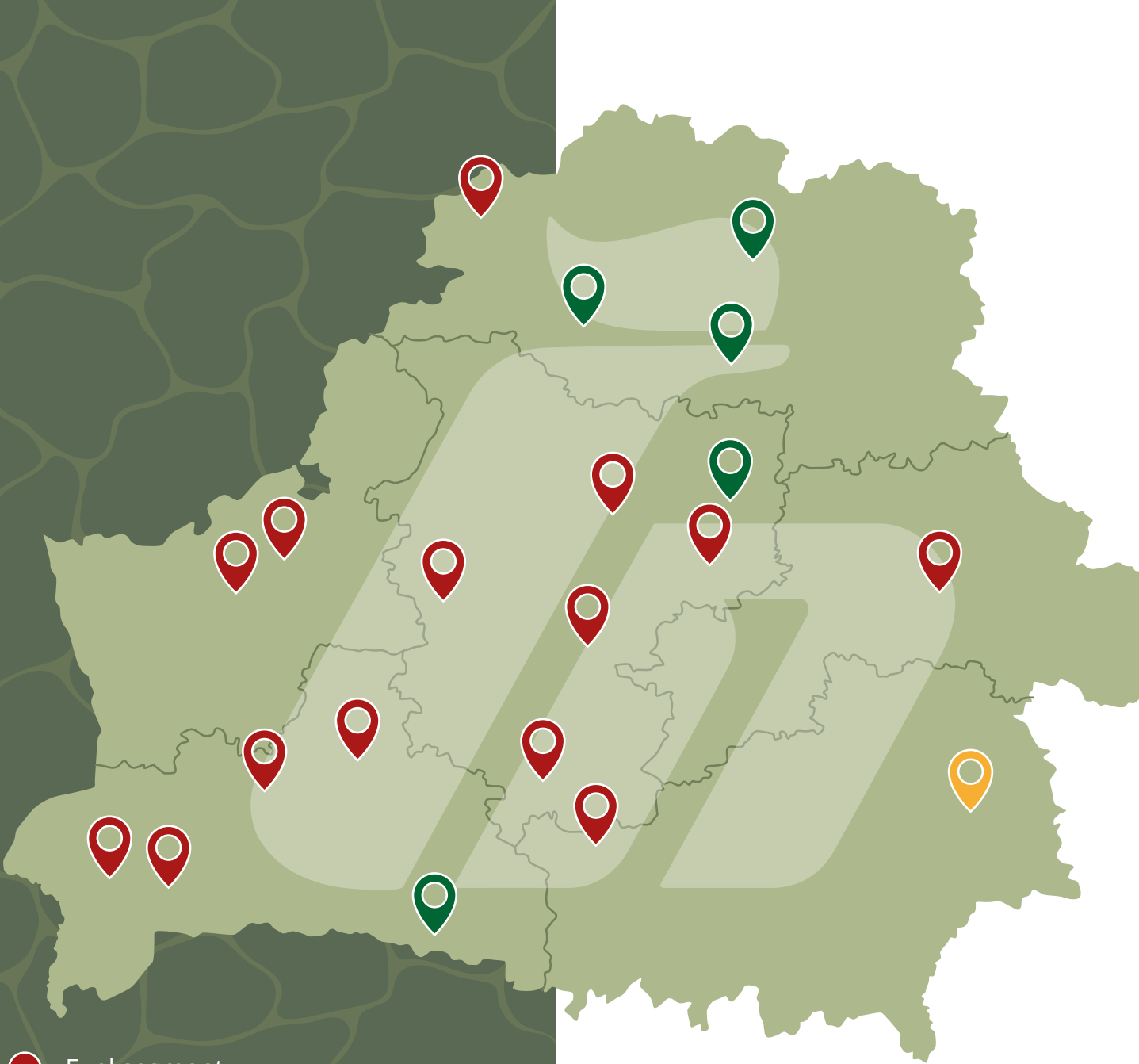





PEAT PRODUCTS FROM BELARUS



BELTOPGAS





-  Fuel segment
-  Non-fuel segment
-  Engineering segment

over **100**
years of peat extraction

Peat reserves in the Republic are estimated at

2,4
billion tonnes

Ranked among the

Top 5
peat-producing countries worldwide

World leader
in the production of fuel briquettes



PEAT INDUSTRY
NON-FUEL SEGMENT

Peat reserves suitable
for non-fuel applications account

30%

of the Republic's total
peat reserves

Peat extraction area:

2,000

ha

Developed

>200

substrate formulations

Annual extraction volume:

>1

million m³

Exported to

>13

countries worldwide

TYPES OF NON-FUEL PEAT PRODUCTS



HIGH-MOOR PEAT:
MILLED,
BLOCK-CUT



PEAT-BASED
SUBSTRATES



COVERING MATERIAL
FOR CHAMPIGNON
CULTIVATION



PEAT
FOR AGRICULTURAL
USE

HIGHT-MOOR PEAT

fraction: 0-7 mm



fraction: 7-15 mm



fraction: 15-30 mm



fraction: 0-40 mm



Packaging options:



BLOCK-CUT PEAT



PEAT-BASED SUBSTRATES

N **Nitrogen** is one of the most important macronutrients. Plant development is impossible without it. It regulates metabolism and is a key component of all proteins, cytoplasm, cell nuclei, amino acids, chlorophyll, hormones, vitamins, and other compounds.

Phosphorus is essential for the proper course of energy processes in plant cells. **P**

K **Potassium** is necessary for plant growth, disease resistance, and high yield.

Manganese activates numerous enzymes in plants, promotes the synthesis of proteins, reduces the content of soluble forms of nitrogen, and is also involved in chlorophyll formation, energy transfer for photosynthesis, and nitrogen assimilation. **Mn**

Cu **Copper** is also required for chlorophyll formation and is involved in protein and carbohydrate metabolism.

Under the influence of **molybdenum**, plants show increased levels of carbohydrates, carotene, ascorbic acid, proteins, and chlorophyll, as well as enhanced photosynthetic activity. **Mo**

Fe **Iron** is responsible for oxygen transport not only in animals and humans but also in plants. It is a key component of substances essential for photosynthesis and plays an important role in plant adaptation to stress factors.



Zn **Zinc** gives plants resistance to adverse weather conditions.

B **Boron** helps plants to flower and set fruit.

N

Cu

P

K

Mn

Mo

Fe

B

Zn

MAIN FORMULATIONS OF PEAT-BASED NUTRIENT SUBSTRATES

Blueberry

pH: 2,8 - 4,2



- High-moor peat: 75%
- Low-moor peat: 15%
- Perlite: 10%



Seedling

pH: 5,5 - 6,0



- High-moor peat: 70%
- Low-moor peat: 30%



Coniferous

pH: 5,0 - 5,5



- High-moor peat: 50%
- Low-moor peat: 40%
- Perlite: 10%



Flowering

pH: 5,5 - 6,5



- High-moor peat: 70%
- Low-moor peat: 25%
- Perlite: 5%



MAIN FORMULATIONS OF PEAT-BASED NUTRIENT SUBSTRATES

Vegetables

pH: 6,0 - 6,5



- High-moor peat: 70%
- Low-moor peat: 30%



Palm

pH: 6,0 - 6,5



- High-moor peat: 50%
- Low-moor peat: 40%
- Perlite: 10%



Tomatoes and Peppers

pH: 5,5 - 6,0



- High-moor peat: 50%
- Low-moor peat: 45%
- Perlite: 5%



Orchids

pH: 5,0 - 6,0

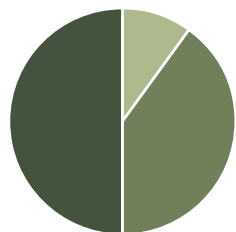


- High-moor peat: 60%
- Bark: 20%
- Expanded clay: 20%



Turf

pH: 6,0 - 6,5



- High-moor peat: 50%
- Peat for composting: 40%
- Sand: 10%



Covering material for champignon cultivation

A blend of peats with a tailored botanical composition, featuring high water and air retention, with specific additives that regulate its acidity according to the developed original formulation.

Tobacco

pH: 5,5 - 6,5

High-moor peat, fraction 0-10 mm

Micronutrient content: 50 g/m³





**PEAT INDUSTRY
FUEL SEGMENT**

≈ 1

million tonnes
of briquettes
produced annually

≈ 2

million tonnes
of fuel peat extracted

Substitutes

≈ 450

million m³ of natural gas
in the Republic of Belarus'
fuel balance

FUEL BRIQUETTES



Length, mm	180-200
Width, mm	60-80
Thickness, mm	20-70
Moisture, max, %	20
Ash content, max, %	23
Lower heating value, min, kcal/kg	3000

Packaging options



Bulk



On pallet



Big bag

Delivery options



Rail transport



Road transport

PEAT DRYING PRODUCT



Lower heating value, kcal/kg, min	3000
Moisture, max, %	20
Ash content, max, %	23

MILLED FUEL PEAT



Moisture content, max, %	52
Ash content, max, %	23
Lower heating value, kcal/kg, min	1700
Total sulfur content, %, max	0,5

MAIN AREAS OF FUEL PEAT PRODUCTS USE



CEMENT PLANTS



POWER
GENERATION
FACILITIES



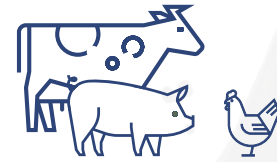
HOUSEHOLDS



HOUSING AND
COMMUNAL
SERVICES FACILITIES



DEEP PROCESSING



Feed additive



Feed preservative



Humic acid-based fertilizer



Granulated soil conditioner

FACTS

ABOUT DEEP PROCESSING



A natural product derived from environmentally clean raw materials (low-moor peat)



Preserves the full range of biologically active substances: humic and fulvic water-soluble acids, vitamins, macro- and micronutrients in bioavailable organic forms



Increases yield and quality of agricultural crops while maintaining and enhancing soil fertility



Ensures stable plant growth and development throughout the entire growing season



Improves root system development and enhances resistance to environmental stress factors such as drought, frost, and diseases



Higher nutrient retention in feed



Positively influences nutrient uptake by cattle



PEAT HUMATES

Enhances soil fertility, crop yield, and quality of agricultural produce



FEED PRESERVATIVE

A product for ensiling silage, haylage, and rolled grain that preserves nutritional value and suppresses the growth of spoilage microorganisms



FEED ADDITIVE

Optimizes cattle digestion, enhancing productivity and herd health



BELTOPGAS



A division of
the peat industry

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